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ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP 1300 NORTH SEVENTEENTH STREET SUITE 1800 ARLINGTON VA 22209-3873

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OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of

Heinz Riess

Application No. 10/567,089 : DECISION ON PETITION

Deposited: February 3, 2006 : PURSUANT TO

Attorney Docket No.: : 37 C.F.R. § 1.181(A)

306.45851X00

Title: PARTIAL DECOMPOSITION :

PROJECTILE WITH A DOUBLE CORE

This is a decision on the petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.181(a), filed on January 16, 2009, requesting that the holding of abandonment in the above-identified application be withdrawn.

This petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.181(a) is GRANTED.

# BACKGROUND

The above-identified application became abandoned for failure to reply in a timely manner to the Notice of Missing Requirements Under 35 U.S.C. 371 in the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) (notice), mailed March 10, 2008, which set a shortened statutory period for reply of two months. No response was received, and no extensions of time under the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) were requested. Accordingly, the above-identified application became abandoned on May 11, 2008. A notice of abandonment was mailed on November 21, 2008.

#### RELEVANT PORTIONS OF THE C.F.R. AND MPEP

# 37 C.F.R. § 1.134 sets forth, in toto:

An Office action will notify the applicant of any non-statutory or shortened statutory time period set for reply to an Office action. Unless the applicant is notified in writing that a reply is required in less than six months, a maximum period of six months is allowed.

### 37 C.F.R. § 1.135 sets forth, in toto:

- (a) If an applicant of a patent application fails to reply within the time period provided under § 1.134 and § 1.136, the application will become abandoned unless an Office action indicates otherwise.
- (b) Prosecution of an application to save it from abandonment pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section must include such complete and proper reply as the condition of the application may require. The admission of, or refusal to admit, any amendment after final rejection or any amendment not responsive to the last action, or any related proceedings, will not operate to save the application from abandonment.
- (c) When reply by the applicant is a bona fide attempt to advance the application to final action, and is substantially a complete reply to the non-final Office action, but consideration of some matter or compliance with some requirement has been inadvertently omitted, applicant may be given a new time period for reply under § 1.134 to supply the omission.

# Section 711.03(c)(I)(A) of the MPEP sets forth, in toto:

In Delgar v. Schulyer, 172 USPQ 513 (D.D.C. 1971), the court decided that the Office should mail a new Notice of Allowance in view of the evidence presented in support of the contention that the applicant's representative did not receive the original Notice of Allowance. Under the reasoning of Delgar, an allegation that an Office action was never received may be considered in a petition to withdraw the holding of abandonment. If adequately supported, the Office may grant the petition to withdraw the holding of abandonment and remail the Office action. That is, the reasoning of Delgar is applicable regardless of whether an application is held abandoned for failure to timely pay the issue fee (35 U.S.C. 151) or for failure to prosecute (35 U.S.C. 133).

To minimize costs and burdens to practitioners and the Office, the Office has modified the showing required to establish nonreceipt of an Office action. The showing required to establish nonreceipt of an Office communication must include a statement from the practitioner describing the system used for recording an Office action received at the correspondence address of record with the USPTO. The statement should establish that the docketing system is sufficiently reliable. It is expected that the record would include, but not be limited to, the application number, attorney

docket number, the mail date of the Office action and the due date for the response.

Practitioner must state that the Office action was not received at the correspondence address of record, and that a search of the practitioner's record(s), including any file jacket or the equivalent, and the application contents, indicates that the Office action was not received. A copy of the record(s) used by the practitioner where the non-received Office action would have been entered had it been received is required.

A copy of the practitioner's record(s) required to show non-receipt of the Office action should include the master docket for the firm. That is, if a three month period for reply was set in the nonreceived Office action, a copy of the master docket report showing all replies docketed for a date three months from the mail date of the nonreceived Office action must be submitted as documentary proof of nonreceipt of the Office action. If no such master docket exists, the practitioner should so state and provide other evidence such as, but not limited to, the following: the application file jacket; incoming mail log; calendar; reminder system; or the individual docket record for the application in question.

The showing outlined above may not be sufficient if there are circumstances that point to a conclusion that the Office action may have been lost after receipt rather than a conclusion that the Office action was lost in the mail (e.g., if the practitioner has a history of not receiving Office actions).

Evidence of nonreceipt of an Office communication or action (e.g., Notice of Abandonment or an advisory action) other than that action to which reply was required to avoid abandonment would not warrant withdrawal of the holding of abandonment. Abandonment takes place by operation of law for failure to reply to an Office action or timely pay the issue fee, not by operation of the mailing of a Notice of Abandonment. See Lorenz v. Finkl, 333 F.2d 885, 889-90, 142 USPQ 26, 29-30 (CCPA 1964); Krahn v. Commissioner, 15 USPQ2d 1823, 1824 (E.D. Va 1990); In re Application of Fischer, 6 USPQ2d 1573, 1574 (Comm'r Pat. 1988).

#### ANALYSIS

With this petition, Petitioner has indicated that all notifications of missing requirements are entered into the firm's computer docketing system, and an entry is also made in the firm's main Docketing Book, which appears to be a calendar. The computer docketing system generates reports that are "distributed to the responsible attorneys/agents on a daily basis." Reminders are generated and distributed to the

<sup>1</sup> Petition, page 1.

<sup>2</sup> Id.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{3}$  Id. at 2.

responsible party "one month before the first due date, two weeks before each due date and the day of each due date." Moreover the main docketing book is "reviewed daily by a docket clerk who coordinates all required responses among the responsible attorneys/agents."

Petitioner has further indicated that the notice of March 10, 2008 was not received at the correspondence address of record, and has provided a copy of the master docket in the form of a page from a calendar, along with a copy of the record used by the practitioner where the allegedly non-received notice would have been entered had it been received.

Moreover, Petitioner has asserted that he searched both the computer records and "the file," and the search indicates that the Office action was not received.

Considering the facts and circumstances of the delay at issue, as set forth on petition, it is concluded that Petitioner has met his burden of establishing that the notice of March 10, 2008 was not received.

Accordingly, the petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.181(a) is **GRANTED**. The holding of abandonment is **WITHDRAWN**.

The Office of PCT Operations will be notified of this decision. The Office of PCT Operations' support staff will re-mail the notice of March 10, 2008, and will set a new period for response.

Petitioner may find it beneficial to view Private PAIR within a fortnight of the present decision to ensure that the withdrawal of the holding of abandonment has been acknowledged by the Office of PCT Operations in response to this decision. It is noted that all inquiries with regard to any failure of that change in status should be directed to the Office of PCT Operations where that change of status must be effected - the Office of Petitions cannot effectuate a change of status.

<sup>4</sup> Id.

<sup>5</sup> Id.

<sup>6</sup> Petition, pages 1 and 2.

<sup>7</sup> See calendar page dated October 10, 2008 (the maximum extendable period for reply).  $\cdot$ 

<sup>8 &</sup>lt;u>See</u> printout of individual docket report, entitled "Case Detail Report." 9 Petition, page 2.

<sup>10</sup> The Office will construe this statement to mean that both the file jacket and the application contents were reviewed, and Petitioner must notify the Office if this is not a correct interpretation of the statement contained in this petition.

Telephone inquiries <u>regarding this decision</u> should be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3225. All other inquiries concerning examination procedures or status of the application should be directed to the Office of PCT Operations at 571-272-4300.

/Paul Shanoski/
Paul Shanoski
Senior Attorney
Office of Petitions

<sup>11</sup> Petitioner will note that all practice before the Office should be in writing, and the action of the Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. See 37 C.F.R. § 1.2. As such, Petitioner is reminded that no telephone discussion may be controlling or considered authority for any of Petitioner's further action(s).